Fleggburgh Parish Council Statement of Internal Control

1. Scope of Responsibility

Fleggburgh Parish Council (the Council) is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for and used economically, efficiently and effectively. In discharging this overall responsibility, the Council is also responsible for ensuring that there is a sound system of internal control, which facilitates the effective exercise of the Council's functions and includes arrangements for the management of risk.

2. The Purpose of the System of Internal Control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk; reducing it to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Council's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.

3. The Internal Control Environment

3.1 The Council

The Council has appointed a Chairman who is responsible for the smooth running of its meetings and for ensuring that all Council decisions are lawful, following the advise and guidance of the proper officer. The Council reviews its obligations and objectives and budgets at the level of precept required for the following year at its January Meeting. The Council monitors progress against its aims and objectives at its meetings by receiving relevant reports from the Clerk. The Council regularly reviews its internal controls, systems and procedures.

3.2 The Clerk/Responsible Financial Officer

The Council has appointed a Clerk of the Council who acts as the Council's advisor and administrator. The Clerk is the Council's Responsible Financial Officer and is responsible for administering the Council's finances. The Clerk is responsible for the day-to-day compliance with laws and regulations that the Council is subject to and for managing risks. The Clerk also ensures that the Council's procedures, control systems and policies are adhered to.

3.3 Payments

All payments are approved by Council. Three signatories are appointed in line with Bank Account maximum provision from which two are required to sign every cheque or mandate. One of the signatories can be the Clerk however signing by the Clerk will be in an emergency capacity only. For online banking, the Clerk has administrative access to upload payments and each payment must be approved by 2 signatories.

3.4 Risk Assessments/Risk Management

The Council carries out regular risk assessments in respect of its activities and regularly reviews its system and controls and makes adjustments as identified.

3.5 Internal Audit

The Council has appointed an independent, competent internal auditor who reports to the Council on the adequacy of its systems and procedures, internal controls and risk management and its reviews of these matters. The effectiveness of internal audit is reviewed annually.

3.6 External Audit

Due to the level of turnover being under £25,000 there is no requirement for a limited assurance review or to submit an Annual Governance & Accountability Return for external audit provided that the Council complies with the exemption process. If the Council does not wish or cannot certify itself as exempt a completed return will be made to the external auditor which in turn submits an annual Certificate of Audit which is presented to the Council.

4. Review of Effectiveness

The Council has responsibility for conducting an annual review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of:

- The Council
- The Clerk/RFO who has responsibility for the design and maintenance of the internal control environment and managing risk.
- The independent internal auditor who reviews the Council's systems of internal control.
- The Council's external auditor who makes the final check using the annual return, a form completed and signed by the RFO, the chairman and internal auditor.

5. Significant Internal Control Issues

Whilst no significant internal control issues were identified during the year, the Council strives for the continuous improvement of the system it has designed for internal control and has addressed all of the minor issues and weaknesses raised and reported during the review process.

SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL

CASH BOOK/BANK RECONCILIATIONS	The cash book is kept electronically in spreadsheet format, and kept up to date from original documents – receipts, invoices and payments. The cash book is reconciled to the bank statement on a regular basis, when bank statements are received. A bank reconciliation is presented at each Parish Council meeting and confirmed by the meeting. The balances reported can be traced back to the expenditure approved in the previous meeting via the Minutes.
FINANCIAL REGULATIONS	The Parish Council has adopted Financial Regulations based on the NALC model. The regulations are reviewed for continued relevance and amended where necessary via approval by the Parish Council.
ORDER/TENDER CONTROL	Financial Regulations refer for procedures relating to tenders.
LEGAL POWER	A proper legal power is identified for each item of expenditure.
PAYMENT CONTROLS	All payments are reported to the Council for approval via the agenda. Two Members of the Council or one Member plus the Clerk (if a signatory) must sign every cheque or order for payment. Signing by the Clerk

	however is for use in an emergency situation
	only.
	Clerk cannot sign cheques unless accompanied
	by the signature of another Member.
	The cheque number is recorded on each invoice
	and in the cashbook.
	The signatories should consider each cheque
	against the relevant invoice, sign the invoice and
	initial the cheque counterfoil. This process
	receives confirmation at each ordinary meeting.
	Cheques will normally only be issued and signed
	for payments approved in Council meetings.
	Cheques obtained away from such meetings are
	reported to the next meeting as retrospective via
	the agenda.
	Payments are listed in the Minutes of the
	meeting.
	The Clerk maintains control of the cheque book
	at all times.
	Regarding internet banking, two signatories will
	be required to approve every online payment
	made. The Clerk has administrative access to
	upload payments.
PAYMENTS MADE UNDER SECTION	A separate record of s137 payments is kept in
137 of the LGA 1972	the cashbook. The Clerk calculates the maximum
	amount of s137 expenditure able to be made
	each year and ensures it is not exceeded.
VAT RECLAIMS	The Clerk ensures that all invoices are addressed
	to the Parish Council.
	The Clerk maintains accounts of VAT and
	ensures that the correct amount of VAT is
1100115 00155010	reclaimed in the year.
INCOME CONTROLS	All income is received and banked in the
	Council's name in a timely manner and reported
	to the Council.
	The Clerk ensures that the amount of precept
	received is correct in accordance with the precept
	demand sent to the District Council. The Clerk
	ensures that the precept instalments are received
	when due.
FINANCIAL REPORTING	A budget review, comparing actual receipts and
	payments to the budget is prepared and
	presented to the Council quarterly, at a full
	council meeting and recorded in the Minutes.
BUDGETARY CONTROLS	The budget is prepared in consultation with the
	full Council, as evidenced by reports and Minutes
	in advance of the start of the financial year.
	The Precept demand is submitted by the
	deadline dictated by the District Council.
PAYROLL CONTROLS	The Clerk is paid under PAYE as an employee of
	the Council. The Clerk ensures that the
	necessary payroll returns are made to HMRC
	necessary payroll returns are made to HMRC and retains evidence that this has been done.

	The Clerk's salary is set by the Council and follows National Agreement (The Green Book). Timesheets are presented to the Staffing Committee, if requested, for consideration and monitoring of work demand.
OFFICE AND CLERK'S EXPENSES	The Clerk or Councillor can submit a request for reimbursement of monies owing by way of an expense claim form, in advance of the meeting and this is listed on the agenda. The expenses cover a contribution towards the cost of maintaining an office at the Clerk's home and any out of pocket expenses as well as travel expenses as laid down by the joint SLCC/NALC guidelines. Such expenses are documented in the Councils adopted Expenses Policy The expense claim form is treated as an invoice for accounting purposes.
ASSET CONTROL	The Clerk maintains a full asset register, as approved by Council. The existence and conditions of assets is checked on an annual basis by the Parish Council. The adequacy of insurance of the Parish Council's assets is considered annually in advance of the insurance renewal.
INTERNAL AUDIT	The Council annually appoints an independent internal auditor who provides a full report to the Council on Records, Procedures, Systems, Internal control, Regulations, Risk management. The internal auditor will have planned and carried out the work necessary to give the assurances called for in the Annual Internal Audit Report (page 4 of the Annual Governance & Accountability Return (AGAR). The Parish Council annually reviews the scope of work offered by the internal auditor.
EXTERNAL AUDIT	The Council submits an annual return in the required format to the external auditor appointed by the Smaller Authorities' Audit Appointments Ltd (SAAA) in a timely manner.

Adopted: March 2023 Reviewed: September 2023